G.P. Maternal Sepsis Decision Support Tool

To be applied to all women who are pregnant or up to six weeks postpartum (or after the end of pregnancy if pregnancy did not end in a birth) who have a suspected infection or have clinical observations outside normal limits



Tick

I. In the context of presumed infection, are any of the following true:

(common sources: pneumonia, UTI, breast abscess/ mastitis, endometritis, chorioamnionitis, infected caesarean or perineal wound, influenza, intra-abdominal infection)

Patient looks very unwell

Family or carer is very concerned

There is ongoing deterioration

Physiology is abnormal for this patient

2. Is **ONE** maternal Red Flag present?

Responds only to voice or pain/ unresponsive Systolic B.P \leq 90 mmHg Heart rate \geq 130 per minute Respiratory rate \geq 25 per minute Needs oxygen to keep SpO₂ \geq 92% Non-blanching rash, mottled/ ashen/ cyanotic Not passed urine in last 18 hours Lactate \geq 2 mmol/l

Low risk of sepsis. Consider other diagnoses.

Use clinical judgment and/or usual guidelines.

Give safety netting advice: call 999 if patient deteriorates rapidly, or call 111/arrange to see GP if condition fails to improve or gradually worsens. Signpost to available resources as appropriate. Consider obstetric assessment.

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3. Is any Maternal Amber Flag present?

Relatives worried about mental state/ behaviour

Acute deterioration in functional ability Respiratory rate 21-24 OR dyspnoeic Heart rate 100-129 OR new dysrhythmia



Tick

Ν

Systolic BP 91-100 mmHg Not passed urine in last 12-18 hours Temperature < 36°C Immunosuppressed/ diabetes/ gestational diabetes Has had invasive procedure in last 6 weeks (e.g. CS, forceps delivery, ERPC, cerclage, CVs, miscarriage, termination) Prolonged rupture of membranes

Close contact with GAS

Bleeding/ offensive wound/ vaginal discharge

If immunity also impaired treat as Red Flag Sepsis

Sepsis likely

Use clinical judgment to determine whether patient can be managed in community setting. If treating in the community, consider:

- planned second assessment with blood results
- brief written handover to colleagues
- specific safety netting advice

Red Flag Sepsis!

Immediate actions: Dial 999 Arrange blue light transfer Administer oxygen to maintain saturations >94%

Communication:

Write a brief clear handover including observations and antibiotic allergies (where present) Ensure Paramedics pre-alert as 'Red Flag Sepsis'

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